# Morbidity and Mortality

Weekly Report

## PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Prepored by the

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

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## Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended December 2, 1961

Respiratory Disease - A number of outbreaks of respiratory disease, primarily in school populations, have been noted in the last several weeks. Outbreaks have occurred in Jamaica, Florida, California, Oregon, Arizona, and in the Province of Saskatchewan, Canada. Type B influenza has been isolated from the Jamaica, Florida, and Saskatchewan outbreaks.

Jamaica - Between August and October of 1961, a small respiratory outbreak occurred in workers at a mining company in Jamaica. Type B influenza virus was isolated from one of the workers at the company. In addition, three sera rises against Type B influenza were identified in three other workers at the mining company, and in one

nurse and one patient at a local hospital. Clinical information on the cases and numbers of individuals involved in the outbreak are not yet available.

Miami, Florida - During the week of November 20, approximately half of the 50 school children riding the school bus between Key Biscayne, Florida, and South Miami High School came down with a flu-like disease. The disease was characterized by sore throat, headache fever, and retro-orbital pain. Myalgia was not a prominent part of the clinical picture. Throat washings were obtained from seven of the sick individuals. One of the isolates obtained was similar to the Great Lakes strain of B influenza virus and was nearly identical to the isolate ob-

Table I. Cases of Specified Notifiable Diseases: United States

(Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous week)

Disease (Seventh Revision of International Lists, 1955)  * Weekly incidence low or sporadic Data not available Quantity zero	48th Weck			Cumulative						
	Ended	Ended	Median 1956-60	Fi	rat 48 wee	ek a	Since s	Approxi- mate		
	Dec.	Dec. 3, 1960		1961	1960	<b>Median</b> 1956-60	1960-61	1959-60	Median 1955-56 to 1959-60	low point
Anthrax062	_	_	*	7	17	*	*	*	*	*
Botulism049.1	-	i -	*	5	10	*	*	*	*	*
Pucellosis (undulant fever) 044	10	7	13	545	701	736	*	*	*	*
Intheria055	14	35	32	529	755	806	220	410	453	July 1
encephalitis, infectious082 epatitis, infectious, and	29	28	32	1,538	1,755	1,972	1,538	1,755	1,972	Jan. 1
Serum	1,293	1,110	318 *	67,560 57	36,786 68	17,807	14,857	11,076	3,770	Sept. 1
**E&81ea∩A5	3,592	3,582	3,582	405,590	419,264	464,171	19,962	19,174	20.544	Sept. 1
"FQ1D01+18 0000+10340 n+	28	43	3,502	2,970	2.843		2,970	2.843	20,544	Jan. 1
~4-DEOCOCCB1 infactions057	35	48	45	1,970	2,030	2,379	455	492	543	Sept. 1
oliomyelitis080	15	56	109	1,263	3,121	5,796	1.160	2,909	5,483	Apr. 1
Paralytic	11	45	85	817	2,182	2,084	757	2,016	2,754	Apr. 1
Nonparalytic080.2	3	6	18	301	622	2,777	276	596	1,897	Apr. 1
Unament sted OOO 3	1	5	6	145	317	935	127	297	832	Apr. 1
"Ittaconta	1	3	*	62	94	*	*	*	*	*
treptococcal sore throat	-	-	*	3	2	*	*	*	*	*
	6,398	6.586		290,855	282,200		71,644			Aug. 1
*******040 I	21	11	15	775	769	992	661	638	812	Apr. 1
Thus fever, endemic101	1	2	* 13	40	62	*	*	*	*	*
abies in animals-	61	46	54	3,178	3,148	3,930	544	377	555	Oct. 1

tained in the Jamaica case. Two other isolates obtained from these seven individuals have not been typed as yet. No other cases of influenza or respiratory illness are known to have occurred at South Miami High School.

California - Since the middle of November, a significant increase in school absenteeism has been noted in a number of areas throughout California. Absenteeism as high as 30% has been observed in a number of schools around Los Angeles and San Francisco. Two different clinical entities account for the school absenteeism: A mild respiratory disease with fever, cough, and myalgia, and a gastrointestinal disease with nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. The increased absenteeism at any one school reportedly lasts for less than a week. A survey of a number of industrial concerns in the San Francisco area has not revealed an increase in industrial absenteeism. Laboratory and epidemiological studies are in progress.

Oregon - In the past month, school absenteeism as high as 20 to 25% has been reported in a number of counties near Portland. Two types of illnesses account for the school absenteeism: 1) An upper respiratory disease with fever 99 to 101°, sore inflamed throat, and some vomiting. The condition persists from three to four days.

2) A gastrointestinal condition with fever 99 to 101°, abdominal cramps, and diarrhea. This condition also persists for about three to four days. Industrial concerns show a normal or only slightly elevated absenteeism. Absenteeism in any one plant on any one day through December 1 has not been higher than 4%. In the past week, some severe respiratory illnesses among adults with myalgia and prolonged weakness have been recognized. Laboratory studies are under way in the State Laboratory.

Arizona - In the middle of November, an outbreak of influenza-like illness was reported from the Hopi and Navajo Indian Reservation in northeastern Arizona. Reports suggests that the Navajo have had a considerable amount of upper respiratory illnesses. School absenteeism among the Hopi peaked at four Hopi schools with the week beginning November 13, reaching a maximum of 32% absenteeism. This is unusual for the Hopi School system since attendance at their schools usually ranges from 95 to 98%. Preliminary results from a 20% morbidity survey of the 3500 Hopi Indians gave the following attack rates for upper respiratory infections over the past several weeks:

Age Group	Attack Rate
0 - 14	48%
15 - 24	32
25 - 44	20
45 - 64	20
65 and over	33

The illness has been characterized by fevers over 100°, severe sore throats (sometimes inflamed), hacking cough, minimal conjunctivitis, absence of pulmonary involvement by auscultation and X-ray, myalgia in some cases limited to the upper arms and chest, and frontal headache. The acute symptoms last for two to three days; it is usually at least a week before the patient is fully recovered. Laboratory studies are under way at the Communicable Disease Center, Atlanta, Georgia.

Conodo - An outbreak of severe respiratory disease in November caused school absenteeism as high as 90% in some areas of Saskatchewan, Canada. Illness has been characterized by conjunctivitis, headache, fever, weakness, and gastrointestinal complaints. The acute phase of the illness lasted from three to four days. Many patients suffered a persistent cough and continued weakness for as long as an additional ten days. Complications were rare but influenza deaths associated with staphylococcal pneumonia occurred in two women aged 25 and 35. Influenza B has been isolated from a number of cases by the Provincial Laboratory in Saskatchewan, and confirmed by the Laboratory of Hygiene at Ottawa. The strain resembles the Great Lakes variant of Influenza B.

(Information for this summary was obtained from: Dr. Roslyn Robinson, Chief, International Influenza Center for the Americas, CDC; Dr. Mike Segal, Dr. Ann Beasley and Dr. Jim Conner from Variety Children's Research Foundation, Miami, Florida; Dr. Henry Renteln, Division of Preventive Medical Services, California State Department of Public Health; Dr. Grant Skinner, State Epidemiologist, Oregon State Board of Health; Dr. E. W. R. Best, Chief, Epidemiology Division, Department of National Health and Welfare, Ottawa, Canada; Dr. James O. Bond, Director, Bureau Preventable Diseases, Florida State Board of Health.)

Polio – Fifteen cases of poliomyelitis, 11 paralytic were reported for the 48th week ending December 2. This compares with the 19 cases, 9 paralytic, reported the preceding week. The last community outbreak this polio season occurred in Newberry County, South Carolina in late summer and early fall. Since October, there have been only sporadic cases of poliomyelitis reported throughout the country.

Hepatitis - The 1,293 cases of hepatitis reported for the 48th week are 164 more than reported for the 47th week. This represents 183 more cases than were reported for the 48th week of 1960. There has been a definite increase in the number of cases reported from the East South Central, West South Central, and Pacific States. More cases were reported this week than for any other week since last June.

(Continued on page 8.)

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1960 AND DECEMBER 2, 1961

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

	Poliomyelitis 080											Brucel-
	(Include		otal ot specified	by type)	Par	alytic C	80.0,080	.1	Nonparalytic		Menin- gitis, aseptic	losis (undu- lant
Area	48th Week		Cumulative, first 48 weeks		48th Week		Cumulative, first 48 weeks		080.2		340 pt.	fever)
	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1961
UNITED STATES	15	56	1,263	3,121	11	45	817	2,182	3	6	28	10
NEW ENGLAND	3	4	40	231	1	4	27	183	2	-	2	1
Maine New Hampshire	_	1 -	5 2	49	_	1 -	5	48	-	_		
Vermont	-	-	9	11	-	-	8	6	_	_	_	2
Massachusetts	3	3	18	34	1	3	10	23	2	-	2	112
Rhode Island	_	_	1 5	102 35	_	_	1 3	78 28	_		-	-
		12	ł								_	1
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	1 1	12 6	329 244	471 254	1	8 4	218 156	335 165	1.70	3 1	2	=
New Jersey	-	ĭ	35	83	-	-	28	60	_	1		-
Pennsylvania	-	5	50	134	-	4	34	110	-	î	2	_
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	5	12	177	<b>53</b> 5	4	9	110	332	1	-	10	1
Ohio	1	5	48	126	1	2	22	65		-	1	-
IndianaIllinois	- 1	2 4	21 36	133	-	2	12	101	-	-	=	-
Michigan	1	-	38	147 93	1 -	4	19 30	100	1	-	8	1
·Wisconsin	2	1	34	36	2	1	27	12	-	_	ī	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2	-	75	174	1	_	34	101	_	_	-	6
Minnesota	-	-	6	54	-	-	6	44	-	-	-	-
Iowa Missouri	2	_	19 26	22 44	-	-	10	4	·	-	-	5
North Daketa	_	_	4	14	I -	_	8 1	32 5	_	-	_	-
South Dakota	_	-	3	5	_	-	î	1	-	-	<u> </u>	
Nebraska	-	-	8	16	-	-	4	9	-	300	-	
Kansas	-	-	9	19	-	-	4	6	-	-	-	1
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	11	214	583	1	10	157	463	-	1	2	1
Delaware	_	- 1	2 41	- 151	_	1	1 31	126	<u>-</u>			
District of Columbia	-	-	3	5	_	-	31	136		-	1	\- <u>-</u>
Virginia	-	5	12	52	-	4	12	47	-	1	1	1
West Virginia North Carolina	1	3 1	33	62	1	3	23	51		-	2	0.2
South Carolina	_	1	21 34	92 130		1 1	11 26	69 88	_	_	-	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
Georgia	-		30	24	-	_	23	22	_	_	2	
Florida	- 1	-	38	67	-	-	27	45	-	_	-	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	3	85	250	-	3	49	108	_ =	-	1	1
Kentucky	-	-	27	130	-	-	5	5	-	-	*	-
TennesseeAlabama	_	2	22 11	54 23		2	10	37 23	<u> </u>	_		
Mississippi	_	1	25	43	_	1	23	43		_	1	1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		4	151	283	_	4	84	181	_	_	2	
Arkansas	-		21	31	- 1	_	10	23	_	_	-	-
Louisiana	-	1	54	50		1	43	31	-		-	
OklahomaTexas	_	3	4 72	17 185		3	31	12	-	-	-	3.7
	_						1	115	-	_	2	-
MOUNTAIN	2	6 2	47 4	98 23	2	4 2	28	51 17	-	1	1	-
Idaho	-	-	14	10		-	6	1/	-	-	-	_
Wyoming	- ]	1	-	21	-	-	_	1	-	-	- 12	
New Mexico	2	2	10	21	2	1	10	19	-	1	-	
Arizona	-	1	3 8	7 9	-	1	6	7	-		1	-
Utah	-	-	8	7	-	_	4	2		-	5	-
Nevada	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	1	4	145	496	1	3	110	428	-	1	8	
Washington	1	1	30 17	37 36	1	1	20	37 19	-	-	1	-
Oregon	-	3	93	413	-	2	77	362	_	1	7	
Alaska	_	-	- 1	2	-	-	-	2	-	-		_
Hawaii	-	-	5	8	-	-	5	8	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	-	-	7	506	-	-	7	497	-	g- 1		

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1960 AND DECEMBER 2, 1961 - Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

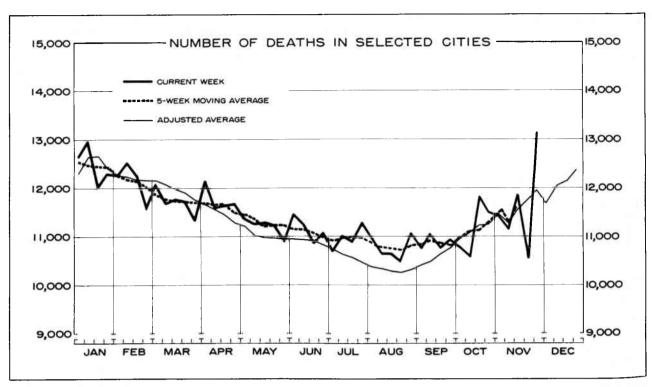
	Diphtheria 055		Enceph infec	alitis, tious	Hepatitis, infectious, and serum 092,N998.5 pt.				Measles			
Area	48th Week		Cumulative, first 48 weeks		082		48th Week		Cumulative, first 48 weeks		085	
	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960
UNITED STATES	14	35	529	755	29	28	1,293	1,110	67,560	36,786	3,592	3,582
NEW ENGLAND	_	_	8	12	2	1	47	29	2,216	1,067	526	473
Maine	-	-	-	2	-	-	8	4	166	74	175	7
New HampshireVermont	_	_	_	_	_	-	2 2	4 2	199 190	34 27	14	263
Massachusetts	_	-	7	9	2	_	27	10	955	511	281	150
Rhode Island	-	-	<u>-</u>	1	-	1	-	4	237	200	-	35
Connecticut	-	-	1	-	-	-	8	5	469	221	54	15
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	-	_	20	16	6	12	154	149	9,094	4,557	494	1,024
New York		_	7	4 2	6	9 1	72 32	90 12	3,930 2 154	2,465 332	325 79	388 133
Pennsylvania	-	_	13	10	_	2	50	47	2,154 3,010	1,760	90	503
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	_	_	16	41	1	1	275	216	13,533	6,654	657	604
Oh10	-	_	1	16		_	72	86	4,483	2,312	36	184
Indiana	-	-	2	7	-	-	56	22	1,997	758	72	86
Illinois	-	_	10 3	6 10	1	- 1	53	45	2,466	1,432	268	54
Wisconsin		_	3	2		1 -	86 8	59 4	4,240 347	1,927 225	204 77	92 188
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2	7	48	63	_	3	126	78	6,498	2,565	56	85
Minnesota	2	4	33	36	-		52	35	1,571	461	6	3
Iowa	-	-	2	8	- 1	-	21	11	1,859	407	15	13
Missouri	-	-	1 4	2	-	1	19	17	1,394	860	i -	9
North Dakota	-	1 1	6	3 10	-	_	14	4 1	147 194	175 146	34 1	57
Nebraska	-	1	2	2	_	2	6	5	625	259		] [
Kansas	-	-	-	2	-	-	14	5	708	257	NN	NN
SOUTH ATLANTIC	5	8	130	217	2	1	156	95	8,631	4,210	229	500
Delaware	-	-		-	-	-	1	2	182	258	-	32
Maryland District of Columbia	- 1	-	1 3	1 -	-	_	10	13	743	431	21	20
Virginia	2	_	17	39	1	_	1 28	2 21	130 1,425	60 745	30 70	298
West Virginia	-	-	1	4		_	37	22	1,514	807	56	67
North Carolina	-	-	11	14	-	-	37	17	2,025	398	9	32
South CarolinaGeorgia	3	7	13 42	50 <b>41</b>	-	-	14	2	489	151	6	34
Florida		í	42	68	- 1	- 1	14 14	4 12	736 1,387	261 1,099	37	15
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	5	9	46	124	2	2	224	236	10,110	5,300	381	250
Kentucky	-	5	9	45	-	2	68	73	2,948	1,845	22	170
Tennessee	-	-	3	9	1	-	71	95	3,956	1,798	214	71
Alabama	5	4	27 7	37 33	1	-	56	47	1,747	1,147	68	9
							29	21	1,459	510	77	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	2	10	241 4	244 16	2	1	86 13	64   17	4,844 947	2,794 218	293 4	180
Louisiana	1	7	30	70	_	_	8	'7	533	173	4	-
Oklahoma	- 1	-	9	25	-	_	7	3	329	321	1	1.3
Texas	1	.3	198	133	2	1	58	37	3,035	2,082	287	167
MOUNTAIN	-	-	12	36	-	1	45	76	3,799	2,835	241	164
MontanaIdaho	- 1	-	2 -	3 11	-	-	4	7	333	163	47	40 20
Wyoming	-	_	_	5	_		3	4 2	300 156	312 36	27	1
Colorado	-	-	4	3	-	_ [	13	34	1,316	1,035	12	38
New Mexico	-	-	5	4	-	- 1	4	8	312	310	NN	
Utah	<u> </u>	_	_	3 7	-	1	16	3	638	605	80	44 20
Nevada	_	-	1			<u>-</u>	5	15 3	608 136	272 102	66	1
PACIFIC	-	1	8	2	14	6	180	167			715	302
Washington	-	-	2	-	1	-	26	27	8,835 1,017	6,804 902	334	84
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	21	1,399	1,062	94	115
California	-	1	2 4	1	13	6	111	108	5,936	4,524	220	103
Alaska	<u> </u>	-	-	1	_	_	8 2	10 1	413 70	235 81	65	
_						_		^	70	0,1		
Puerto Rico		2	58	132	_	_	14	20	918	721	47	24

NN-Not Notifiable

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1960 AND DECEMBER 2, 1961 - Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

	Malaria	Meningoccocal infections		Psitta- cosis	Strepto- coccal sore throat,	т	yphoid i	ever 040	)	Typhus fever, endemic	Rabies in	
Area	1	i			etc.			Cumul	ative,		ani	mals
	110-117	05	7	096.2	050,051	48th	Week	first A	48 weeks	101		
	1961	1961	1960	1961	1961	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1961	1960
UNITED STATES	1	35	48	1	6,398	21	11	775	769	1	61	46
NEW ENGLAND	-	1	3	-	295	-	2	20	11	20	<u>=</u>	-
Maine		1 -		<u> </u>	16	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
New Hampshire	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	2	_	-	_	[		<u>-</u>	-
Massachusetts		-	1	-	94	_	-	14	5	_	-	-
Rhode Island	-	-	1	-	19	-	-	2	-	-	-	09±0
Connecticut	-	-	1	-	161	-	-	3	4	-	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	-	1	18	1	267	4	4	96	58	-	-	6
New York	-	-	13	1	148	2	1	53	34	-	-	6
New Jersey Pennsylvania	[ ]	1	1 4	_	48 71	- 2	3	17	7	-	-	
									17	-	-	-
EAST NORTH CENTRAL		9	7 2	_	435	5 2	_	105	98	-	7	1
Indiana		-	_	1 -	65 78	3		43 24	29 24	-	1	-
Illinois	_	1	3	_	128	-	_	29	24		2	1
Michigan	-	8	2	<b>-</b>	93	-	_	6	16		1	1
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	71	-	-	3	8	-	2	-
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	_	2	1	-	221	_	2	35	48	_ '	19	8
Minnesota	-	-	1	-	27	- ,	-	5	1	_	í	ì
Iowa	-	1	-	-	55	-	-	2	11	-	6	3
MissouriNorth Dakota	_	1 -	_	-	6	-	2	21	26	-	7	2
South Dakota		_	-	_	98		-	- 3	1 4	ā	-	-
Nebraska	_	-	i -	-	_	_	_	ī	3		2	1
Kansas	-	-	! -	-	35	-	-	3	2	-	ĩ	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	-	4	7	-	495	5	•2	132	117	_	3	9
Delaware	-	i -	l :	-	6		i -	1	1	-	-	
Maryland	<u> </u>	1 -	1 -	_	16	-	1 -	4	6	-	-	-
District of Columbia Virginia	-	_	3	1 -	137	-	1 -	13	10 24		- 2	
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	154	_	_	10	14	[	1	5
North Carolina	-	1	3	-	46	-	-	16	9	_		E-#
South Carolina	-	1	-	-	8	-	-	8	12	i	-	-
Georgia	_	1 -	-	Ι.	4	3	-	39	27	- 1	-	-
Florida	_		1	-	124	2	1	21	14	-	-	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	_	1 -	1	-	1,179	4	2	84	119	-	4	3
Kentucky Tennessee	_	1 1	1 -	-	109 1,025	1	1	19 50	32 56	-	2	-
Alabama	_		-	_	16	1		11	23	-	_	2
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	29	2	-	4	8	-	-	1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	_	4	4	_	820	_	1	156	203	1 1	18	16
Arkansas	-	-	i	-	-	_	-	30	52	-	1	1
Louisiana	-	2	1	-	4	-		27	59	-	-	2
Oklahoma	-	2	-	-	914	-	-	12	12	-	2	-
Texas	-	_	2		814	-	1	87	80	1	15	13
MOUNTAIN	-	-	4	-	1,180	-	-	64	45	-	1	1
Montana	-		1 1		88 77	-	<u>-</u>	20	13	<u>-</u>	_	j -
Wyoming	]			-	4	-	] -	3	4	-	2457	[
Colorado	-	-	2	-	363	-	-	7	ī	-	-	-
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	328	-	-	17	12	-	-	1
Arizona	-	_	-	-	242	-	-	10	10	-	1	-
Utah Nevada	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		77 1	-	_	2 4	2	-	-	-
	-	,_	l			_					-	-
PACIFIC	1 -	13 1	3 1		1,506 477	3	_	83 7	70 5	_	9	2
Washington Oregon	-	_	_		477		[	ľí	8			1
California	1	10	2	_	904	2	_	72	56	_	9	i
Alaska	_	-		-	71	-	-	-	1	-	-	
Hawaii	-	2	-	-	12	1	-	3	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	1 -	_	1	_	4	_	_	22	20			-
UICO	I -	_	1		7			ı	1			



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 117 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, a 5-week moving average of these figures plotted at the central week, and an adjusted average for comparison. For each region the adjusted average was computed as follows: From the total deaths reported each week for the years 1956-1960, 3 central figures were selected by eliminating the highest and lowest figure reported for that week. A 5-week moving average of the arithmetic mean of the 3 central figures was then computed with adjustment to allow for population growth in each region. The average value of the regional increases was 2 percent which was incorporated in the adjusted average shown in the chart.

Table 4 shows the number of death certificates re-

ceived during the week indicated for deaths that occurred in selected cities. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between death and receipt of the certificate and because of incomplete reporting due to holidays or vacations. If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is used.

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of the populations and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS

(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths. Data exclude figures shown in parentheses in table 4 Percent 48th 47th Cumulative, first 48 weeks Adjusted change, veck veek average, adjusted ended ended Area 48th average Dec. Nov. Percent week to 25, 1961 1961 1960 1956-60 change 1961 current veek -0.3 TOTAL, 117 REPORTING CITIES-13,138 10,487 11,926 +10.2 549,049 550,920 -2.5 606 703 +19.2 33,819 34,670 New England-------(l4 cities) +1.7 3,601 Middle Atlantic-----(20 cities) 2,922 3,221 +11.8 155,786 153,172 -1.5 2,762\* East North Central (21 cities 2,338 2,524 +9.4 117,497 119,316 -1.9 954 736 West North Central -(9 cities 861 +10.8 37,535 38,279 +0.4 1,151 846 South Atlantic------ (11 cities 1,010 +14.0 47,401 47,224 -0.2 613 525 24,926 East South Central------(8 cities 554 +10.6 24,882 -1.9 1,216 809 1,108 47,817 West South Central --------(15 cities) +9.7 46,897 +1.0 403 325 379 17,513 17,344 Mountain--------- (8 cities) +6.3 -0.7 1,600\* 1,380 1,566 68,172 Pacific-----(13 cities) +2.2 67.719

<sup>\*</sup>Includes estimate for missing reports.

### Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES

(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

Area	48th week ended Dec.	47th week ended Nov.	Cumula first 4	ative, 8 weeks	Area	48th week ended Dec.	47th week ended Nov.	Cumula first 48	
	2, 1961	25, 1961	1961	1960		2, 1961	25, 1961	1961	1960
<del></del>			1						
EW ENGLAND:		1 1			WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.:				
Boston, Mass	318	194	11,628	12,039	St. Louis, Mo	302	198	11,326	11,674
Bridgeport, Conn	42	38	1,873	1,956	St. Paul, Minn.	87	60	3,175	3,313
Cambridge, Mass	44	27	1,409	1,465	Wichita, Kans	48	59	2,248	2,228
Fall River, Mass	18	22	1,313	1,357	S2				
Hartford, Conn	51	53	2,339	2,363	SOUTH ATLANTIC:				
Lowell, Mass	23	10 29	1,183 1.052	1,134	Atlanta, Ga	114	85	5,425	5,630
Lynn, Mass.	22 30	19	1,239	1,172 1,198	Baltimore, Md	294	218	11,759	12,032
New Bedford, Mass New Haven, Conn	62	27	2,156	2,142	Charlotte, N.C	54	26	1,738	1,854
Providence, R.I	62	68	2,985	3,078	Jacksonville, Fla	70 104	49 56	2,776 3,633	2,82
Somerville, Mass	15	13	628	643	Miami, Fla Norfolk, Va	50	38	2,367	3,419 1,916
Springfield, Mass	54	39	2,123	2,160	Richmond, Va	88	83	3,731	3,728
Waterbury, Conn	39	22	1,270	1,336	Savannah, Ga	50	23	1,566	1,613
Worcester, Mass	58	45	2,621	2,627	St. Petersburg, Fla	(76)	(67)	(3,212)	(3,37
·,			- 1	•	Tampa, Fla	63	57	3,098	3,112
IDDLE ATLANTIC:					Washington, D.C	210	188	9,406	9,25
Albany, N.Y	44	43	2,217	2,106	Wilmington, Del	54	23	1,902	1,84
Allentown, Pa	43	32	1,642	1,679					•
Buffalo, N.Y	150	123	6,939	6,914	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
Camden, N.J	42	47	2,020	2,021	Birmingham, Ala	102	94	4,114	4,06
Elizabeth, N.J	30	18	1,419	1,400	Chattanooga, Tenn	58	27	2,229	2,26
Erie, Pa	56	34	1,873	1,856	Knoxville, Tenn	26	26	1,333	1,34
Jersey City, N.J	99	61	3,335	3,382	Louisville, Ky	131	96	5,426	5,45
Newark, N.J	169	57	4,904	4,661	Memphis, Tenn	140	155	5,458	5,33
New York City, N.Y	1,799	1,548	79,526	78,223	Mobile, Ala	47	37	1,928	1,97
Paterson, N.J	44	37	1,868	1,847	Montgomery, Ala.	38	18	1,543	1,64
Philadelphia, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa	447	461	24,084	23,227 9,199	Nashville, Tenn	71	72	2,851	2,85
Reading, Pa	274	151   19	9,176	1,136	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
Rochester, N.Y	28 106	97	1,118 4,862	4,831	Austin, Tex	47	16	1,615	1,60
Schenectady, N.Y	22	25	1,157	1,120	Baton Rouge, La	64	0	1,354	1,37
Scranton, Pa	33	32	1,683	1,824	Corpus Christi, Tex	28	17	1,059	1,10
Syracuse, N.Y	68	60	2,959	2,998	Dallas, Tex	109	117	5,937	5,94
Trenton, N.J	68	29	2,153	1,964	El Paso, Tex	55	34	1,692	1,80
Utica, N.Y	49	23	1,381	1,294	Fort Worth, Tex	88	51	3,109	3,16
Yonkers, N.Y	30	25	1,470	1,490	Houston, Tex	257	108	7,933	8,00
	[A	=======================================	~		Little Rock, Ark	72	51	2,699	2,72
AST NORTH CENTRAL:	4 ,	4.7	2 720	2 700	New Orleans, La	157	149	8,032	8,55
Akron, Ohio	64 32	47 35	2,739 1,516	2,709 1,659	Oklahoma City, Okla	106	57	3,560	3,59
Canton, Ohio	788	698	35,531	36,800	San Antonio, Tex	122	104	4,868	4,77
Chicago, Ill	177	148	7,511	7,532	Shreveport, La Tulsa, Okla	67	60 45	2,425	2,57
Cincinnati, Ohio	252	152	9,722	10,128	Tursa, Okia.	٥, ا	45	2,614	2,58
Cleveland, OhioColumbus, Ohio	143	117	5,514	5,679	MOUNTAIN:	110			
Dayton, Ohio	100	72	3,827	3,631	Albuquerque, N. Mex	45	20	1,530	1,54
Detroit, Mich	373	332	15,942	16,073	Colorado Springs, Colo	20	17	788	80
Evansville, Ind	46	39	1,742	1,787	Denver, Colo	115	106	5,504	5,72
Flint, Mich	44*	43	2,037	1,929	Ogden, Utah	18	22	816	79
Fort Wayne, Ind	33	33	1,810	1,756	Phoenix, Ariz	109	68	3,937	3,66
Gary, Ind	54	32	1,492	1,484	Pueblo, Colo	18	14	806	77
Grand Rapids, Mich	33	45	2,156	1,979	Salt Lake City, Utah	52	43	2,307	2,32
Indianapolis, Ind	174	149	6,863	6,942	Tucson, Ariz	26	35	1,825	1,71
Madison, Wis	50	27	1,604	1,554					
Milwaukee, Wis	117	122	5,865	6,002	PACIFIC:				
Peoria, Ill	34	30	1,371	1,445	Berkeley, Calif	19	14	809	80
Rockford, Ill	26	27	1,360	1,381	Fresno, Calif	(48)	(42)	(2,071)	(2,10
South Bend, Ind	33	27	1,370	1,408	Glendale, Calif	(34)	(22)	(1,591)	(1,77
Toledo, Ohio	126	102	4,744	4,789	Honolulu, Hawaii	42	44	1,936	1,97
Youngstown, Ohio	63	61	2,781	2,649	Long Beach, Calif	65	40	2,660	2,63
FOR NODER CENTERAL					Los Angeles, Calif Oakland, Calif	567	488	23,967	23,91
EST NORTH CENTRAL:	81	56	2,605	2,635	Pasadena, Calif	116	111	4,692	4,57
Des Moines, Iowa	36	16	1,235	1,219	Portland, Oreg	35	30	1,599	1,66
Duluth, Minn Kansas City, Kans	37	36	1,801	1,689	Sacramento, Calif	96	116	5,118	5,25
Kansas City, Mo	137	158	6,150	6,001	San Diego, Calif	55 118	59 94	2,961	2,80
Lincoln, Nebr	(42)	(26)	(1,347)	(1,244)	San Francisco, Calif	221*	174	4,294 9,291	9.44
Minneapolis, Minn	144	ì05	5,683	5,997	San Jose, Calif	(33)	(27)	(1,670)	9,44
Omaha, Nebr.	82	48	3,312	3,523	Seattle, Wash	160	135	6,273	6,50
,	1		.		Spokane, Wash	60	44	2,290	2,29

Figures shown in parenthesis are from cities which have been reporting less than five years and hence are not included in Table 3.

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORT

#### Bacillary Dysentery -- Report of an Outbreak in Omaha, Nebraska

Sixty cases of shigellosis, of a total of 69 cases reported to the Omaha-Douglas County Health Department since January 1961, occurred between September 1 and November 15. Person to person and household to household spread is believed to be the mechanism responsible for this outbreak.

The nine cases reported during the first 8 months of 1961 occurred in five households and included Shigella Groups A, B, C, and D. The 60 cases of shigellosis reported from September 1 through November 15, occurred in 26 households and one nursing home. Thirty-four of these 60 cases were Shigella Group B, 25 Group D and one Group A. There was one death, in a 2-year old white male.

The pre-school age group accounted for over 30% of the household members and for the largest percentage of those ill. Asymptomatic carriers, (11 in all) were found in all age groups.

The following is a list of signs and symptoms and their frequency of occurrence among the cases where this information was obtained:

Signs and Symptom	Culture Positive (19 Cases)	Culture Negative (12 Cases)
Fever	18	7
Nausea	18	6
Vomiting	18	7
Diarrhea	19	12
Blood in stool	8	2
Abdominal cramps	15	10

Twenty-two of the 26 households involved since September 1 are located within a 15 by 27 block area, consisting of a low socioeconomic and predominantly non-white population. Dwelling units are primarily individual structures but are crowded and frequently occupied by more than one family. The average household size was 7.2 members with a range of 4 to 17 members.

Investigation of water supply, food supplies and attack rates by schools disclosed no evidence that any of these were involved as a common source of infection. There was no evidence of disruption of city water or sewer systems.

The probability of household to household spread was demonstrated in three instances by history of contact and isolation of the same serological group in the households. In each case there was adequate close contact among preschool children and by baby sitting arrangements between the homes. In one instance spread to three additional families from a single household was traced.

Control measures instituted, including investigation and culture of all contacts of reported cases, have been continued. Household contacts of positive cases receive a course of tetracycline. Food handlers are released only with negative cultures and all other cases are released on clinical recovery, and/or initiation of therapy.

Editor's Note: Reported outbreaks of shigellosis in urban communities have generally been either institutional outbreaks or have been common source outbreaks due to water or food borne transmission. The outbreak reported from Omaha with continuous propogation by contact spread is an unusual one for a Northern urban community.

(Reported by Dr. Edwin Lyman, Director of Omaha-Douglas County Health Department; Miss Bea Adams, Chief Preventable Disease Control, Omaha-Douglas County Health Department; and a team from the Kansas City Field Station, Communicable Disease Center.)

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